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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/786,416	02/26/2004	Baychar	BAY-510	2813
7590 04/05/2006			EXAMINER	
MATTINGLY, STANGER & MALUR, P.C.			GOFMAN, ANNA	
SUITE 370 1800 DIAGONAL ROAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			1771	

DATE MAILED: 04/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/786,416	BAYCHAR,				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Anna Gofman	1771				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Poeriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Fe	ebruary 2004.					
2a)	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)∐	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
2) Notice	t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) tr No(s)/Mail Date2/2/6/64, 5/19/64, 9/04/65)						

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 8, 10-11 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nebeker (US 5,566,395) in view of Ogden (US 5,727,336).

Nebeker teaches a liner for a hat comprising a foamed core having a first surface and a second surface. The foamed core may be of an opened-cell or closed-cell polymer (col.1 lines 41-50). The second layer may be a selected wick that draws moisture away from other parts of the liner. It can be made from natural or synthetic materials and a woven or a nonwoven fabric. The first layer may include a plurality of spacing layers (col.2 lines 6-26). The second layer would necessarily be breathable and hydrophilic. Examiner interprets that said spacing layers meet the limitation of clam 1, requiring a "thermal insulating layer". To protect the hat, there should be an impermeable liquid material layer attached to the second layer (col.4 lines 12-15 and Figure 4A). The material can be laminated (col.3 lines 5-6) or stitched with thread (col.5 lines 4-6). Stitching the material necessarily meets the limitation of claim 4, requiring that the layers are attached by mechanical bonding.

Nebeker fails to teach a nonwoven material added to the foam as well as an inner moisture layer. Ogden is drawn to footwear insoles with a moisture absorbent inner layer. Ogden teaches a multilayered structure comprising a second moisture-

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wicking layer and a top apertured layer (Figure 2 and col.3 lines 56-62). Said top apertured layer acts as a moisture transfer layer and would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to make the first layer of Nebeker apertured, motivated to transfer moisture and attain a well-cushioned material.

Further, Ogden teaches that the foam layer can comprise a nonwoven layer (Figures 2, 4-9 and col.4 lines 15-20). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the foam layer of Nebeker comprise a nonwoven layer, motivated provide dimensional stability, in the invention of Nebeker, as taught by Ogden. Therefore, claims 1-5, 8, 10-11 and 13 are rejected.

3. Claims 6, 9, 11-12, 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nebeker in view of Bryant et al. (US 5,366,801).

Nebeker is silent about the foamed material having reversible thermal enhanced properties. Bryant et al. are drawn to fabrics with reversible enhanced thermal properties and teach a foamed coating applied to a fabric substrate, which can be woven, knitted, or nonwoven. Said coating has phase change properties (Abstract and col.4 lines 11-13). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the foam material of Nebeker contain reversible enhanced thermal properties, motivated protect individuals or machinery from the cold or hot, in the invention of Nebeker, as taught by Bryant et al. Therefore, claims 6, 9, 11-12, 14-16 are rejected.

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4. Claims 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nebeker in view of Sessa (US 5,400,526).

Nebeker fails to teach that the composite has been treated with a chemical ionization. Sessa is drawn to footwear soles and teaches a polyurethane foam having an open-cell construction which is formed by adding chemical agents which results in ionization (col.5 lines 59-65). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add chemicals to the foam to undergo ionization, motivated to make the fabric hydrophilic, in the invention of Nebeker. Therefore, claims 17-18 are rejected.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anna Gofman whose telephone number is (571) 272-7419. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8:30-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris can be reached on (571) 272-1478. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Anna Gofman Examiner Art Unit 1771

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